



The Challenges of Nuclear Data for Safeguards and Security

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Outline

- The Need for New Data
- Safeguards Motivated Nuclear Data Projects
- Nuclear Data Needs Workshop
- Nuclear Data Working Group
- Future Work

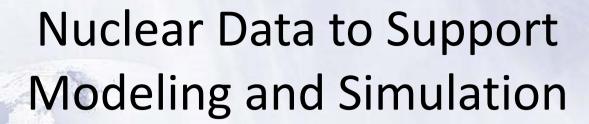


The Need for a New Emphasis on Quality Nuclear Data



- There has been little interest in Nuclear data in the U.S. since the 1980s due to:
 - The end of the cold war
 - Lack of new nuclear power development
- Nuclear data needs to be revisited due to:
 - Recent global resurgence in nuclear energy
 - New potential nuclear threats
- Modeling and Simulations capabilities have reached a level where, in many cases, nuclear data drive the total uncertainties.





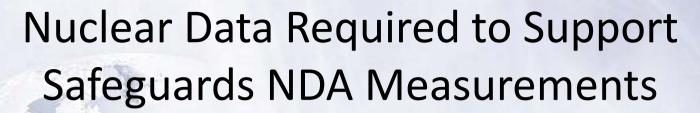


- Modeling and simulation is critical to solving the inverse problem for NDA measurements.
 - Rely on nuclear data files
- Proper calibration of instruments with well known objects can sometimes provide a work around for poor data.

BUT

 Anomalies or unique objects require reliance on models and nuclear data for answers.







- Active NDA directly measures the emitted neutrons and gamma rays to deduce the mass and isotopic content of the item being measured.
- This requires quality data regarding:
 - Fission cross sections neutron/gamma induced as a function of incident particle energy
 - Fission fragment yields and their gamma decay
 - Prompt fission neutron spectrum and multiplicity
 - Prompt fission gamma multiplicity and spectrum
 - (alpha,n) cross sections actinides, fission fragments and structural materials
 - (alpha,n) neutron spectrum and gamma emission
 - Capture cross sections and gamma decay actinides, fission fragments and structural materials
 - Inelastic scattering cross sections and de-excitation gamma energy actinides, fission fragments structural materials
 - Elastic scattering cross sections to ensure accurate neutron transport calculations through all materials.



Advanced Computing Capabilities Require Updated Infrastructure



- Nuclear data must be formatted for use in modern codes.
 - US in process of transitioning to GND format
- Uncertainties need to be accessible to the users of the data – available in database
 - US has been updating ENDF with covariance matrices.
- Nuclear Data uncertainties need to be propagated through the calculation so users can understand the impact.
 - Currently only limited capabilities for specific users
 - SCALE reactor models have this capability



Current Safeguards Funded Projects



- Recent funding for several nuclear data projects to support safeguards
 - Capture Gamma Decay data
 - Correlated Neutrons and Gammas from Fission
 - 19F(alpha,n)²²Na Cross Section and Neutron Emission
- No comprehensive nuclear data program to address needs of safeguards and security.
- Currently, major funding sources are Defense and Criticality Safety Programs



Gamma Decay Data

Beta



Improvements to Evaluated Gamma-Ray Activation File (EGAF)

> Target Nucleus

DICEBOX

statistical

model code

Reaction Input

Parameter Library

(RIPL)

Incident Neutror

Budapest Reactor

neutron beam

ENSDF

database

- Cross correlated with ENSDF decay schemes
- Put into ENDF libraries for transport modeling to be in next ENDF release

Prompt PGAA

Radioacti Nucleus

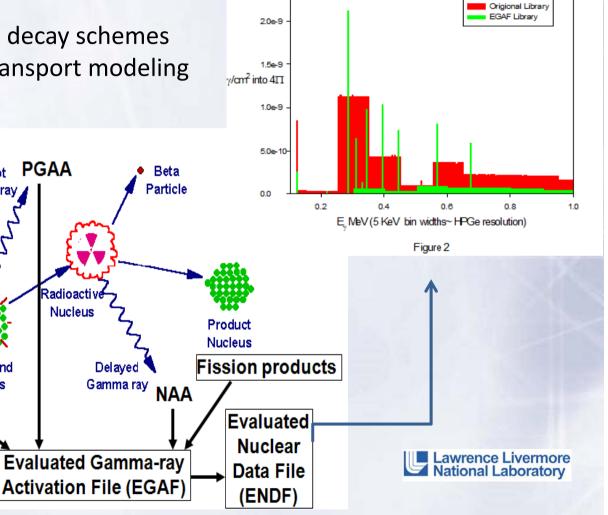
Delayed

Gamma ray

Gamma ray

Compound

Nucleus



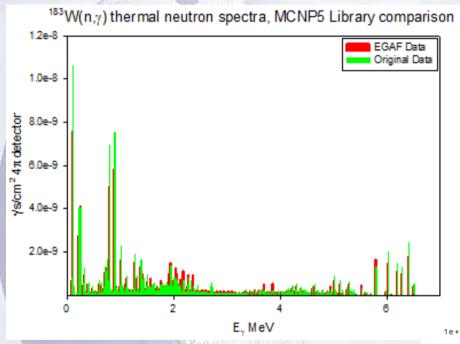
MCN P5 runs: Pd104 + n_{thermal} Origional ENDF library vs EGAF library

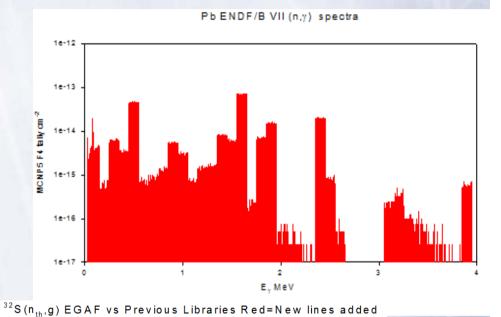


Examples of Missing Capture

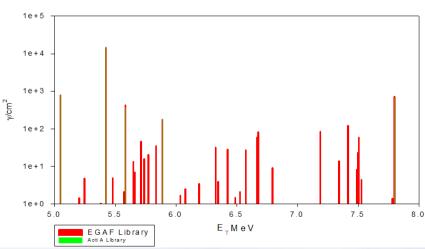


Data





- Some libraries have no spectra,
 Actinides
- Others have poor resolution, missing lines or incorrect intensities.

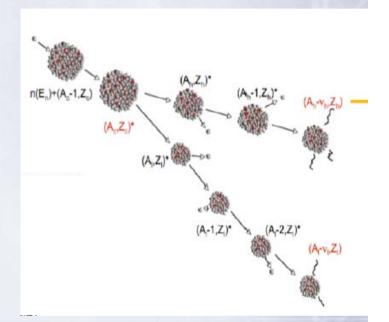




Correlated Neutron and Gamma Capabilities in MCNP6



- Goal: Provide a capability for prompt fission neutrons and gamma-rays in MCNP6
- Applications for detector response modeling, list mode data analysis, non-proliferation and a better understanding of the fission process.



FREYA and CGMF event-by-event fission models

- Fragment Mass and TKE distributions (CGMF)
- Statistical models of neutron and gamma emission
 - multiplicity and energy spectrum
- Fission neutron angular correlations
- Conservation of energy and momentum







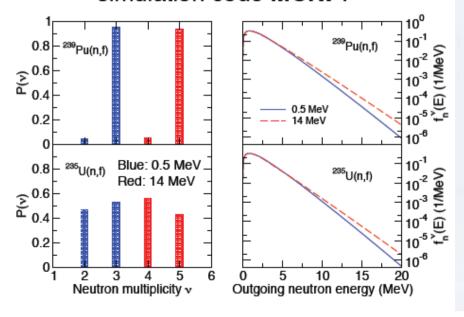
FREYA



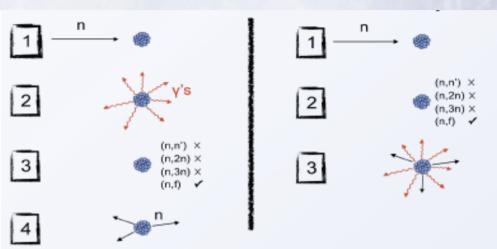
FREYA code

- Current MCNP treatment:
 - Emits gamma rays
 - Determines reaction
 - Emits 2 to 3 neutrons
 - Samples an average neutron spectrum

Fission model in frequently used simulation code **MCNP**:



Standard model



- FREYA
 - Determines reaction
 - Emits energy and angle correlated neutron and gamma-rays based on fission models and empirical data
 - Samples neutron and gamma spectrum as a function of number of neutrons and gammas emitted



CGMF Models

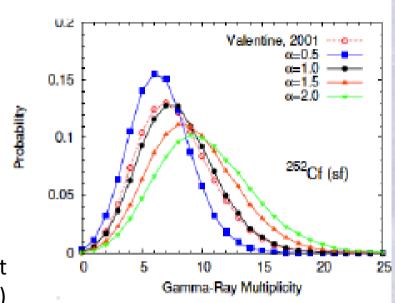


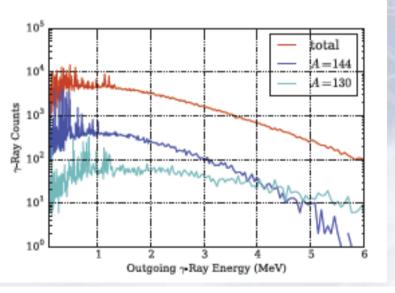
Assumptions:

- Prompt fission products emitted from fully accelerated fragments
- No emission occurs during the evolution from saddle to scission
- No emission at the neck rupture
- Fission fragments are compound nuclei
- C++ code implementation CGMF
 - Event by event simulation of the fission fragment decay (Monte-Carlo Hauser-Feshbach formalism)

Output

- Average prompt fission neutron spectrum
- Average prompt fission neutron multiplicity
- P(v), v(A)
- Prompt gamma observables
- Correlations between gammas and neutrons



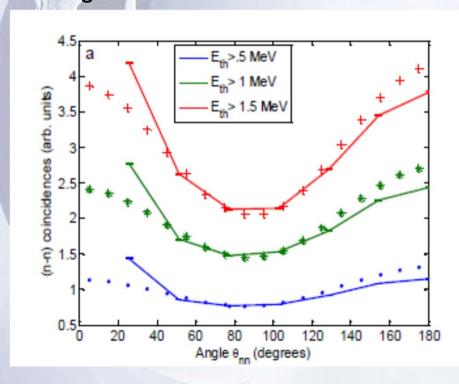




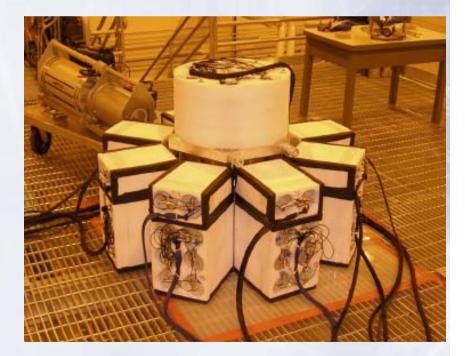
Angular Correlation Measurements



Angular correlation of fission neutrons



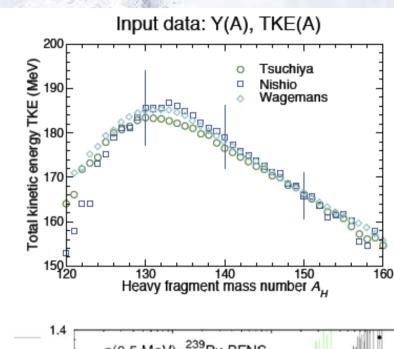
Experiment to measure correlation between ²⁵²Cf spontaneous fission neutrons using 77 liquid scintillator cells at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

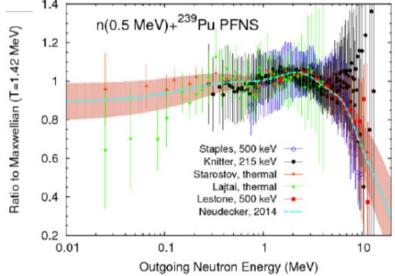




More Data Required to Support Models

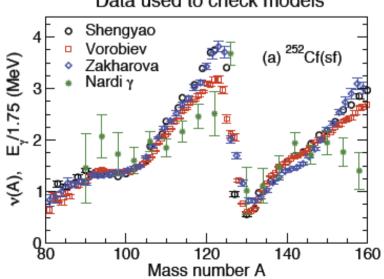






Data one fits to: neutron multiplicity

Parallel Data one fits to: neutron multiplicit



D. Neudecker, P. Talou, T. Kawano et al., Nucl. Inst. Methods in Phys. Research A **791**, 80-92 (2015)



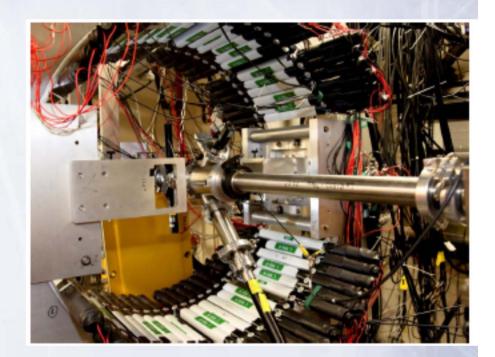
High precision ¹⁹F(α,n)²²Na Cross-Section for Nuclear Safeguards



- Required for verification of enrichment of UF₆ cylinders
- Measurement of
 - -Cross section
 - -Neutron spectrum
- Energy ranges from 3-8 MeV incident alphas
- Fine energy resolution
- Pulsed α beam with LaF₃ target
 - Notre Dame
- ¹⁹F beam with He-gas target
 - Oak Ridge National Laboratory







- Versitile Array of Neutron Detectors at Low Energy (VANDLE)
- Array of 48 Neutron Detectors at the Holifield Radioactive Ion Beam Facility at Oak Ridge National Laboratory
- 700 ps resolution
- Energy range of 100 keV to 20 MeV

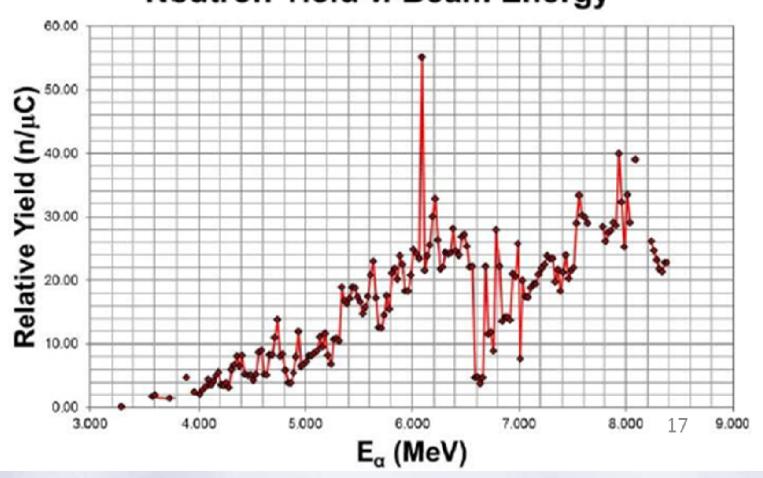


NNSS High precision $^{19}F(\alpha,n)^{22}Na$ Cross-Section for **Nuclear Safeguards**



Preliminary Data

Neutron Yield v. Beam Energy







Looking Ahead

 Working towards a comprehensive nuclear data improvement plan





May 27-29, 2015 Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Berkeley, CA USA























NDNCA Workshop

- Sponsored by DOE/Office of Science and NNSA/Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation
- Application Areas
 - National Security
 - Safeguards
 - Isotope Production
 - Nuclear Energy
- Cross Cutting Needs
 - Better understanding of Fission
 - Neutron Transport Elastic and Inelastic Scattering
 - Gamma Decay data
 - Expanded Integral Validation Experiments and Covariance Data



Nuclear Data Working Group (NDWG)



- Following the workshop, program managers that are users of nuclear data agreed that it would be beneficial to communicate and coordinate efforts.
- Each program identified a working group member to identify and prioritize opportunities to improve nuclear data.
- The NDWG is working to identify nuclear data activities where enhanced collaboration and coordination would be broadly beneficial.
- Currently creating a 5 year plan to improve nuclear data that will directly impact mission areas.
- Plan to be presented to program managers in April, 2016.





NDWG Participants

Partners	Program Area	Working Group Member
NA-22	Enabling Capabilities / Nuclear Weapons and Material Security Teams	Catherine Romano
DOE/OS/NP	Nuclear Physics	Lee Bernstein/Dave Brown
NA-22	Forensics / Post Det	Todd Bredeweg/Jason Burke
DNDO / TAR	Nuclear Detection	Doug Mayo
NA-511/ NCSP	Criticality Safety	Skip Kahler
NA-113	Defense Programs/ Research and Development	Dennis McNabb
NA-114	Defense Programs/Physics and Engineering Models	Bob Little
NE	Nuclear Energy	Phillip Finck
DNDO / NTNFC	Forensics	Richard Essex
DOE/Isotope Office	Isotope Production	Meiring Nortier





NDWG Topic Areas

- Data Evaluation, Testing and Covariance data
- Update to nuclear data base
- Better understanding of fission
 - Theoretical models and experiments
- Neutron elastic and inelastic scattering
- Gamma decay and capture cross sections
- (alpha,n) cross sections update SOURCES4C
- Np cross sections for ²³⁸Pu production





Additional NDWG Goals

- Improved communication and coordination between programs.
- Educate the user community about nuclear data uncertainties.
- Suggest best practices for nuclear data handling.
 - What happens after the experiment?
- Provide recommendations for US capabilities.
- Improve access to target materials.
 - Reduce cost, target sharing
 - Quality create standards for characterizing targets

